KEGIATAN PEMBELAJARAN 1 SIMPLE PAST TENSE DAN PRESENT PERFECT TENSE

A. Tujuan Pembelajaran

Setelah kegiatan pembelajaran 1 ini diharapkan mampu untuk:

- Mengidentifikasi ungkapan-ungkapan memberi dan meminta informasi terkait keadaan/tindakan/ kegiatan/ kejadian yang dilakukan/terjadi di waktu lampau yang merujuk waktu terjadinya dan kesudahannya
- 2. Mengidentifikasi perbedaan cara pengungkapan dari masing-masing konteks
- 3. Memahami struktur teks ungkapan memberi dan meminta informasi terkait keadaan/tindakan/ kegiatan/ kejadian yang dilakukan/terjadi di waktu lampau yang merujuk waktu terjadinya dan kesudahannya
- 4. Memahami unsur kebahasaan dari ungkapan memberi dan meminta informasi terkait keadaan/tindakan/ kegiatan/ kejadian yang dilakukan/terjadi di waktu lampau yang merujuk waktu terjadinya dan kesudahannya

B. Uraian Materi

Anda pasti sudah belajar tentang *Simple Past Tense* dan *Present Perfect Tense* bersama Bapak atau Ibu Guru Bahasa Inggris SMP. Masih ingatkan Anda akan fungsi, pola kalimat dan keteranga waktu yang dipakai pada Simple Past dan Present Perfect Tense?

Mari kita mereview kembali.

We use Simple Past Tense to talk:

- a) An action that began and ended at a particular time in the past.e.g. *She cooked fried rice yesterday evening*.
- b) An action that occurred over a peiod of time but was completed in the past.e.g. She taught English for ten years. (She doesn't teach English at present)
- c) An activity that took place regularly in the past.

e.g. When I was ten years old, I took an English course there.

The sentence patterns are:

- A. Using auxiliary "did"
 - a) Positive

Subject + Verb-2 + Complement

e.g. The teacher began the meeting an hour ago

She wanted to go the beach last week

b) Negative

Subject + Didn't + Verb-1 + Complement

e.g. She didn't join the class this morning

He didn't want to study match yesterday.

c) Interrogative

Did all the students do the assignment yesterday? Did you go to Jakarta yesterday?

- B. Using to be "was and were"
 - a) Positive

Subject + was / were + non verb

e.g. She was angry yesterday

My parents were able to come here?

b) Negative

Subject + was / were + not + non-Verb

e.g. He was not happy because you were late

The bed was not confortable for me.

c) Interrogative

was / were + not + Subject + non-Verb

e.g Was the girl lazy so she went to bed early?

Was your mother at home when your father called?

Anda tentu masih ingat apa yang dimaksud dengan Verb-2 kan? Bahwa ada dua jenis Verb-2 yaitu Regular dan Irregular Verbs. Silakan anda buka dan pelajari lagi catatan anda tentang Regular dan Irregular Verbs pada saat anda di SMP.

a) Regular verbs

Verb 1	Verb 2
Accept	Accepted
Approve	Approved
Cry	Cried

.

b)

Jog	Jogged
Irregular verbs	
Begin	Began
Cost	Cost
Have	Had

Be Was/Were

Adverb of time that is usually used in the Past Tense are :

Sang

,

a) Just now

Sing

- b) Yesterday
- c) Last ... (ex. Last week, last month, last year, etc
- d) ... ago (ex. A week ago, a month ago, a year ago, etc)

We use **Present Perfect Tense** to talk about:

- a) An action that happened at an unspecified time
 - e.g. **Mother has never met** her beloved father. **I have bought** a new motorcycle.
- b) An action that has recently occurred
 - e.g. She has just been to Bali

My sister has started to do her homework.

- c) An action that began in the past and continues up to the present
 - e.g. I have live in Bandung for fifteen years.

She has been to Singapore

- d) An action that happened repeatedly before now
 - e.g. She has always phoned me at 8 pm.

I have read that book for several times.

The sentence patterns are:

a) Positive

Subject + has / have + Verb-3 + Complement

e.g. *She has finished* her test before.

The students have finished their examination

b) Negative

Subject + hasn't / haven't + Verb-3 + Complement

e.g. They haven't come here yet

I have'nt visited my parents to see their condition

c) Interrogative

Has / Have + Subject + Verb-3 + Complement e.g Has the plane taken off when you come? Have you cleaned your room?

Anda juga pasti masih ingat, apa Verb-3 itu, kan? Atau kadang juga disebut sebagai *Past Participle*.

Seperti Verb-2, Past Participle juga terbagi atas bentuk regular dan irregular verbs.

Slept

Been

a) Regular Verbs

	Play	Played	Played
	Walk	Walked	Walked
	Book	Booked	Booked
	Open	Opened	Opened
b)	Irregular Verb	S	
	Eat	Ate	Eaten
	Go	Went	Gone
	Write	Wrote	Written

Adverbial words used for Present Perfect Tense are:

Slept

Was / Were

a) Already

Sleep

Be

- b) Just
- c) Yet
- d) Ever
- e) Never
- f) For
- g) Since

C. Rangkuman

According to the Oxford Dictionary, "past tense" is defined as "A tense expressing an action that has happened or a state that previously existed."

In other words, we use the past tense to talk about something that happened in the past.

When we talk about a period of time that continues from the past until now, we use the Present Perfect Tense.

D. Penugasan Mandiri

Task 1: Think of yesterday. What did you do? What didn't you do?

Things you did yesterday	Things you didn't do yesterday
I went to the my uncle's house	I didn't go to my grandpa's house

(Taken from Bahasa Inggris X Depdikbud 2017)

Task 2: Think of yesterday. What did you do? What didn't you do?

to meet

Task 3: Think of yesterday. What have you done? What haven't you done?

Things you have done yesterday	Things you haven't done yesterday
I have gone to my uncle's house	I haven't gone to my grandpa's house

KEGIATAN PEMBELAJARAN 2 PENGGUNAAN SIMPLE PAST DAN PRESENT PERFECT TENSE

A. Tujuan Pembelajaran

Setelah kegiatan pembelajaran 1 ini diharapkan mampu:

- Menyusun kalimat meminta infromasi keadaan/tindakan/ kegiatan/ kejadian yang dilakukan/terjadi di waktu lampau yang merujuk waktu terjadinya dan kesudahannya
- Menanggapi permintaan informasi terkait keadaan/tindakan/ kegiatan/ kejadian yang dilakukan/terjadi di waktu lampau yang merujuk waktu terjadinya dan kesudahannya yang diajukan kepadanya

B. Uraian Materi

Simak teks percakapan dibawah ini. Perhatikan kata atau frase yang bergaris bawah yang merupakan contoh penggunaan Simple Past dan Present Perfect Tense dalam percakapan.

		Interview With The Wright Brothers
In 1905, there was a TV talkshow that interview great inventors at that time.		
Below is	as	script of interview with The Wright brothers
Host	:	Hello and welcome to our talkshow tonight, Great Inventors! Today
		we have very special guests, Orville and Wilbur Wright. We are
		going to ask them about their revolutionary inventions.What do you
		call your invention?
Orville	:	We <u>invented</u> airplane
Host	:	Airplane? What is the tool for?
Wilbur	:	It's a tool that will help human being to fly!
Host	:	Oohhh, is it like a flying car? How <u>did</u> you get the inspiration?
Orville	:	Our dad <u>gave</u> us a toy helicopter that <u>flew</u> with the help of rubber
		bands. <u>We've been interested</u> in the idea since then
Wilbur	:	Orville <u>has always liked</u> to build kites, so, we <u>have experimented</u>
		with making our own helicopters for a while now
Host	:	But that <u>was</u> only a toy, what about the actual plane?

Wilbur	:	Orville <u>made</u> the first flight with our first plane at Kitty Hawk on
		December 14, 1903
Host	:	Why <u>did</u> you choose Kitty Hawk?
Orville	:	Kitty Hawk <u>had</u> a hill, good breezes, and was sandy. The condition
		would help soften the landings in case of a crash. The first flight
		<u>lasted</u> 12 seconds and they <u>flew</u> for 120 feet
Wilbur	:	We <u>have worked</u> and experimented with gliders to perfect the wing
		design and controls since then
Host	:	I see. So <u>you've had</u> the newest version of your airplane?
Wilbur	:	Yes. Recently, I <u>took</u> a newly designed airplane that we <u>called</u> the
		Flyer II for the first flight lasting over 5 minutes
Host	:	How amazing! I think this invention will be a big thing soon
Wilbur	:	Our father <u>has asked</u> us not to fly together. He <u>said</u> it's for the safety
		reason
Orville	:	Yes, we will continue making more experiment so that airplane will
		be available for everyone soon
Host	:	Okay, we wish you good luck with the next experiments.
		(Taken from Bahasa Inggris X, Depdikbud 2017)

(Taken from Bahasa Inggris X, Depdikbud 2017)

C. Rangkuman

Simple Past Tense digunakan untuk meminta dan memberikan informasi tentang peristiwa yang terjadi pada saat tertentu di waktu lampau. Sedangkan Present Perfect Tense digunakan untuk meminta dan memberikan informasi tentang peristwa yang terjadi pada waktu lampau dan masih mempunyai dampak sampai saat ini.

Keduanya dapat digunakan untuk meminta memulai percakapan maupun menanggapi pernyataan.

Anda dapat mempelajari lebih lanjut dengan melihat kata atau frase yang digaris bawah pada teks diatas.

D. Latihan Soal

		A dialogue about vacation between two friends
Tom	:	Hi, Jim! Where have you been? I went to your house last week and
		Susan said that you're in London
Jim	:	Oh,hi, Tom! Yes, I spent my holiday last week in London with my mom
Tom	:	How's London now? I haven't visited London since 2014
Jim	:	It's still lovely, but it's quite hectic in the center of London
Tom	:	Was it traffic jam?
Jim	:	It wasn't. It was just crowed and full when I was there
Tom	:	Was it because you went there in the holiday season?
Jim	:	Perhaps. The public places were full of people.
Tom	:	I can imagine that
Jim	:	Anyway, have you tried the hamburger near the station in London?
Tom	:	Sure. It's so delicious and cheap
Jim	:	Cheap? Are you kidding me?
Tom	:	It was only £1 at that time
Jim	:	It's £3 now. The size is quite small
Tom	:	By the way, have you done the "holiday" assignment?
Jim	:	I have answered some numbers. The rest is still unanswered. I didn't
		get it.
Tom	:	Let's discuss it together
Jim	:	Great

(Taken from <u>https://brainly.co.id/tugas/26476043</u>)

Answer the following questions based on the text above.

1.	What are they talking about?
2.	Has Tom gone to London?
3.	How was it traffic?