





## Object pronouns

Object pronouns are used as the object of a verb or preposition. They receive the action in a sentence and typically answer the questions "whom?" or "what?" following the verb. Here are the object pronouns in English:

subject pronouns	object pronouns
I	me
you	you
he	him
she	her
it	it
we	us
you	you
they	them

Example:

- I asked Lucy about object pronouns. I asked her about them.  

- Barry bought a canvas sheet. Barry bought it.  

- When can we meet Nick and Jess? When can we meet them?  

- I bought Ranvir his favourite burger. I bought him his favourite burger.  


There are two types of objects:

### 1. Direct Object:

This is the noun or pronoun that directly receives the action of the verb.

Example:

“She kicked the ball,” the object pronoun is “the ball.”

“I saw him yesterday.” (replaces the noun “John”)

“She loves them.” (replaces the noun “cats”)



## 2. Indirect Object:

This is the noun or pronoun that indirectly receives the action of the verb. It is often preceded by a preposition.

Example:

“She gave him the book,” the object pronoun “him” is the indirect object, while “the book” is the direct object.

“He gave me a gift.” (replaces the noun “you”)

“They bought her a present.” (replaces the noun “their mom”)

### Tips for Using Object Pronouns:

- Object pronouns replace nouns that receive the action of the verb.
- Ensure the pronoun agrees with the noun it is replacing in both number and gender (if applicable).
- Object pronouns follow verbs and prepositions.

Using object pronouns correctly helps sentences flow more naturally and avoids repetition.

For example, instead of saying "I saw John and talked to John," you can say "I saw John and talked to **him**."